"Hear Us Shout:" Music Celebrating Disability Pride and Liberation Steven E. Brown, Ph.D. Center on Disability Studies University of Hawai'i

Abstract: An exploration of a sampling of music about disability issues, primarily from musicians with disabilities. The focus of the music discussed in this article is protest, power, oppression, and resilience. References and websites for the musicians discussed are included when available.

Key Words: Disability rights, Disability Culture, music

Crip Music

A beat behind, sycophant, you Sisyphus, roll and run again and again Sybil whistle tune, mournfully Whistle in the dark The shoe steps the rhythm Behind, behind, behind you With the crutch cane stick beat The cripple who ripples across The street with the wheel on the rack Rackle and giggle the cripple Till the music stops We step out And then, and then, it builds The sound, and the beat And the melody of the cane And the melody of the crutch And the melody of the wheel And the tap of the stick And the tick of ventilators Dilate, pulse Push breath through the street Roll forward and on The beat in a circle We move, we move The line held firm The song lifting (Petra Kuppers, 2007)

I use poetry about music and dancing to bookend this essay because music cannot be played in this format. I hope to convey, through these two poems, the feelings of music that attract me to that art form.

I came of age in the US Midwest in the 1960s. At that time, many political, social, and cultural movements captured the public's (and my) imagination: Berkeley, California became the home of the Free Speech movement (which spawned many more activist movements in the San Francisco Bay Area); in the southern states, the civil rights movement; from various locales, the women's movement and the anti-Vietnam War movement. I identified with all these reformminded activities. Popular music both reflected and stimulated aspects of these various protest movements. During the 1960s, there were a bevy of antiwar songs. Perhaps the most radical was Country Joe McDonald and the Fish's *The Feel Like I'm Fixin' to Die Rag* (1965):

So put down your books and pick up a gun We're gonna have a whole lot of fun! And it's one, two, three what are we fighting for? Don't ask me, I don't give a damn Next stop is Vietnam

While I identified with all of these reform movements of the late 1960s and early 1970s, I did not yet identify myself as an individual with a disability. But in the early 1980s when I became a part of the disability rights movement, I sought various cultural representations of my new movement home, including music. I still do.

When I think of a disability rights song, the first criteria is that the content of the song has something to do with the experience of disability. Frequently, but not always, that content is generated by someone with a disability. Sometimes an individual with a disability creates music that may not initially seem disability-related, yet nonetheless relates, however subtly, to the musician's disability experience. There are also musicians with disabilities who seem to have little to do with the disability rights movement, at least in their music.

This is a survey of music I know, not comprehensive and primarily limited to English language lyrics. It constitutes but a sampler of music that celebrates disability pride and liberation.

I am compelled to begin with Jane Field because I have used her music for many years in presentations. In 1994 Field released *The Fishing is Free*, a classic song collection. The first two lines below are the title song's refrain:

Don't you wish that you were disabled? Disabled is the better way to be. When we go out it's really neat, we're always sure we'll get a seat Oh, don't you wish that you were just like me? Field utilizes humor to describe various disability life experiences, including going through the back doors of buildings to get inside, and not having to pay for a fishing license. The trade-offs are clear in the refrain. The breaks one gets from becoming disabled are so compelling that those who do not have a disability will surely want to acquire one. This song collection also includes "Quickie's Goodbye," a tribute to a loyal wheelchair; a love song, "One Flight of Stairs;" and a classic anthem to our sexuality, "Disabled People Do It!" another presentation favorite.

The nondisabled human service professional, Peter Leidy has recorded three CDs about "human serviceland." On The Great Escape, several songs describe survivors and escapees from institutions. In folk style, Leidy sings the "Darwin Ness Polka" about a man who finally gets out of an institution after "47 years staring at the same walls." When Leidy sings about Darwin Ness he's now "been out 20 years and there's no time to rest." The Great Escape's title song, tells the story of "Charlie [who] was locked up there at the age of 9, having been found guilty of committing no crime." At the age of 23, in 1967, "Charlie ran away, he traveled night and day... he took a holiday," and in what might seem to be a classic understatement, Leidy sings "he's gone and he won't be coming back," because Charlie realizes "at least I know I'm free, may no one ever take that from me." "The Ballad of Self-Directed Joe," sung in the style of the "The Ballad of Jed Clampett" (Henning, 1962; also known as the *Beverly Hillbillies* theme song) narrates the tale of a bureaucratic mistake that has made Joe rich. Leidy sings about "choice, control, dignity" and says that though the state sought Joe "he was last seen lying on a beach in Mexico." Finally, the all-encompassing Inclusion states unequivocally "we all belong" and everyone should pay attention because we are "all invited to come along." Emulating earlier civil rights songs, Leidy intones the disability rights emphasis that "inclusion is about change and change will come." In case the listener has not figured it out yet Leidy explains, "all means all" and "together we're better, together we're strong."

Perhaps, the two best-known singer-songwriters who focus on disability in their music are Jeff Moyer and Johnny Crescendo. Moyer, who is blind, lives in Ohio. He first gained notice in the late 1970s as the resident musician of the 1977 sit-in at the San Francisco Federal Building. Until recently, this was the largest take-over of a US government building in US history. Demonstrators demanded the government implement regulations to enforce a law known as "Section 504," that is widely viewed as the first US law protecting the rights of individuals with disabilities (Brown, 1994, p. 61, DREDF, 1999). I often play Moyer's song, "For the Crime of Being Different" which focuses on his brother who was institutionalized because of a developmental disability:

For the crime of being different, for the crime of being slow For the crime of not quite fitting in, we sentence you to go Where you will be with others who are also of your kind Far, far away from city lights, out of sight and out of mind. The sentence is quite final, there can be no appeal You have no right of protest, no defense nor free man's bail Within the institution, away from prying eyes Drugs and grinding tedium will become a way of life.

> Through the power of the people and in the wisdom of the State We sentence you to go away and live your star-crossed fate Perhaps in time these walls will fall, these prisons will be shunned But til that time this sentence stands, the State's will shall be done.

For the crime of being different, for the crime of being slow For the crime of not quite fitting in, we sentence you to go Where you will be with others who are also of your kind Far, far away from city lights, out of sight and out of mind. © Jeff Moyer 1986, Used with author permission

Originally from England, Johnny Crescendo now makes his home in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. A founder of DAN, the Direct Action Network, modeled on the US street activist group ADAPT¹, that focused first on accessible transportation, and now works to get people out of nursing homes and other institutions, of the US, Johnny's songs relate tales of disability pride, protest, and rights. (<u>http://www.johnnycrescendo.com/page6.html</u>). His song, "Not Dead Yet" protests physician-assisted suicide:

> I'm lying at the gates of heaven I'm not dead yet... Doctors popping in with pills like a graveyard junkie... Assisted suicide is funky... My mother and father know what's best They want to kick Joey out of the nest... I'm lying at the gates of heaven I'm not dead yet... I was kind of amazed to see St. Peter roll up in a wheelchair I said "hey Pete, I want to go back." He said 'go and give shit to Dr. Quack."

I'm lying at the gates of heaven I'm not dead yet.

Robin Surgeoner is another English singer who, with two other musicians, is known as Angryfish. Their CD, *Barbed Wire and Pot-Holes*, meant to be played loudly, narrates the story of a man's awakening from being a person with a disability to being a member of an oppressed group and learning what he can do to change the world for the better. It is the first complete story CD I have encountered by a person with a disability about the disability experience.

Also in the loud music genre, Beethoven's Nightmare, based in Honolulu, bills itself as the first deaf rock'n'roll band in the world. Their CD, *Turn It Up Louder*, features the following partly satirical lyrics from the title song:

If you're looking for a good band Check us out Check us out If you're looking for a good band Count us in If you're looking for a good sound Hear us shout If you're wondering what we're all about We're the only deaf band in the world If you can't understand all the words all we need to do is Turn it up louder Yeah, turn it up louder

Beethoven's Nightmare "listens" to the vibrations of the music, as do audience members who may be deaf. They were recently featured in a Public Broadcasting System documentary, *Through Deaf Eyes* (http://www.pbs.org/weta/throughdeafeyes/about/index.html).

Musicians have also addressed what might be considered more subtle disability issues. The late Kim Palmer succumbed to Multiple Chemical Sensitivities in 2006. An excerpt of her 1993 "Allergic to the 20th Century" appears below:

Industrialized, deodorized, volatized for my demise!

PARDON-MOI, DON'T MIND ME I'M JUST ALLERGIC TO THE 20TH CENTURY PARDON-MOI, DON'T MIND ME I'M JUST ALLERGIC TO THE 20TH CENTURY

Take me back in time where I'm away From pollution's contribution to our modern day Where doctors don't just look at me and scratch their head And there aren't any flame retardants in my bed And no-one at MacDonald's eats what I can't Appointing me the ultimate renunciant Where I can hide from the hydes to save my hide Formaldehyde, benzaldehyde, pesticide, I'm paralyzed!

PARDON-MOI, DON'T MIND ME I'M JUST ALLERGIC TO THE 20TH CENTURY PARDON-MOI, DON'T MIND ME I'M JUST ALLERGIC TO THE 20TH CENTURY

Elaine Kolb, who wrote the first ADAPT anthem, "We Will Ride," (1994) sings the song in a folk/spiritual style:

We will ride We will ride With the strength of human justice on our side By the grace of God above Our battle cry is love And we will ride We will ride Far too many people have been suffering too long We won't accept excuses Right is right and wrong is wrong And it's wrong to try and keep us waiting for some charity So let's get ourselves together here and now, you and me.

There are many other musicians with disabilities who focus on disability issues. Their work may often be found on <u>www.youtube.com</u> by searching the phrases, "disability" and "music." "Making Love in the Handicap Toilet," (<u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AmJ6FDj9R1k</u>) is a video by "Boys on Wheels," fronted by the Swedish comedian, Jesper Odelberg.

In the 2006 collection, assembled by England's Robin Surgeoner, Lindsay Carter's "Useless Eaters" uses the Nazi phrase for individuals with disabilities to address today's bioethics discussions:

If just one gene's out of whack They're looking to abort us... They call us useless eaters With fucked-up DNA All we want is the chance To show you how we love our lives But the movers and the shakers Are scared that we'd change your minds We're not gonna let you wipe us out We're here to stay Our genes are fine Our DNA is A OK...

Our lives aren't a tragedy Your life without us is

Music has the ability to be soothing or rousing, feelings needed at various times during the struggle to overthrow oppression and attain rights. Music may also be educational, and I hope that this sampler of disability rights music has been. It can also be inspiring. I conclude, as I began, with a poem. This is one I published in 1995 after I learned, along with many others, to enjoy dancing from our wheelchairs:

The Wheelie

There's a new dance craze makin' the rounds Don't matter bout the speed or sounds. Going to boogie in a new space Cranking it up with a different pace. First thing ya gotta do Is be prepared for something new. Gotta get off your heels And move onta your wheels. Take your chair onta the floor Make them rhythms roar Wheelies speed and soar. Skid your wheels Hear the squeals, People watchin' ya twist Wondrin' what they've missed. Make a splash Roll 'n' slash Send your chair onta the floor Make them rhythms roar Wheelies speed and soar. Do the wheelie Be a big dealie Do the wheels No need to stay on your heels Watch the sidewalls soar, flash and more Them dancers diggin' to their core. Listen to them rhythms roar Wheelies speed and soar, Be prepared for somethin' new It's a craze catchin' on with more than a few. Off your heels On your wheels Slip 'n' slide 'n' ask for more Make them rhythms roar

To a new folklore.

Steven E. Brown, an editor of the *Review of Disability Studies* and assistant professor of disability studies at the University of Hawai'i is also the co-founder of the Institute on Disability Culture (<u>http://web.mac.com/disculture/</u>), a poet, essayist, and speaker. A collection of essays, *Movie Stars and Sensuous Scars: Essays on the Journey from Disability Shame to Disability Pride* is available at many online bookstores. He may be contacted at: <u>sebrown@hawaii.edu</u>

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Musician Web Sites

Angryfish: www.angryfish.co.uk

Beethoven's Nightmare: http://www.beethovensnightmare.com

Elaine Kolb: http://community-2.webtv.net/DREAMprod4U/ElaineMarieKolb/

Jeff Moyer: www.jeffmoyer.com

Jesper Odelberg: http://www.odelberg.se/

Johnny Crescendo: www.johnnycrescendo.com

Kim Palmer: http://www.angelfire.com/az/ox/

Endnotes

¹ (American Disabled for Accessible Public Transit was the initial acronym, then changed to American Disabled for Attendant Programs Today, after the passage of the Americans with Disabilities Act in 1990. Several years ago, the group decided to stop trying to fit the letters to any acronym. For history of ADAPT, see www.adapt.org)